

**PRONOUN PACKET
ONE**

NAME: _____

Mrs. Laffan/Mrs. Flanagan

		Subject Pronouns		Object Pronouns	
Singular	1st person	I	I kicked the ball	me	John kicked the ball to me .
	2nd person	you	You like to study.	you	John wants to talk to you .
	3rd person (male)	he	He eats green cheese.	him	Mary doesn't like him .
	3rd person (female)	she	She likes ice cream.	her	John kissed her .
	3rd person (non-person)	it	It bit John.	it	John smashed it .
Plural	1st person	we	We enjoy going to the movies.	us	The politician lied to us .
	2nd person	you	You are the best students.	you	I wouldn't lie to you .
	3rd person	they	They are not happy.	them	Mary didn't invite them .

WE USE PRONOUNS AS SUBJECTS OF SENTENCES AND OBJECTS OF SENTENCES.

Look at the chart above.

What is the difference between the subject pronoun and the object pronoun?

Question: What are the different types of pronouns?

Answer: There are four types of pronouns: Subject Pronouns, Object Pronouns, Possessive Pronouns and Demonstrative Pronouns. Here is a list and explanation showing the different types of pronouns:

- **Subject Pronouns** - I, you, he, she, it, we, you, they function as the *subject* of a sentence:

I live in New York.

Do you like playing tennis?

He doesn't want to come this evening.

She works in London.

It won't be easy.

We are studying pronouns at the moment.

You went to Paris last year, didn't you?

They bought a new car last month.

- **Object Pronouns** - me, you, him, her, it, us, you, them serve as the object of a verb.

Give me the book.

He told you to come tonight.

She asked him to help.

They visited her when they came to New York.

She bought it at the store.

He picked us up at the airport.

The teacher asked you to finish your homework.

I invited them to a party.

2

Personal Pronouns

Name: _____

Personal pronouns are used to represent people. They can show first person (the speaker), second person (the person being spoken to), or third person (the person being spoken about).



If the pronoun is the subject of the sentence, we say it is a subject pronoun (sometimes called a nominative pronoun). If the pronoun is the object of the sentence, we say it is an object pronoun.

Person	Subject Pronouns – Singular	Subject Pronouns - Plural
1 st	I	We
2 nd	You	You
3 rd	He/She/It	They

Person	Object Pronouns – Singular	Object Pronouns - Plural
1 st	Me	Us
2 nd	You	You
3 rd	Him/Her/It	Them

Circle the pronoun in each sentence. On the line in front of each sentence, write “S” if the pronoun is a subject pronoun, or “O” if the pronoun is an object pronoun.

- _____ 1. Mary gave me the letter.
- _____ 2. You can sit down by the fire.
- _____ 3. They are going to watch a movie at the new theater.
- _____ 4. Peter and Cindy can go with us tomorrow.
- _____ 5. We have been friends for many years.
- _____ 6. It is inside the pocket of the black backpack.
- _____ 7. The librarian gave me the library book.
- _____ 8. Jenny’s mother brought her a sandwich for lunch.
- _____ 9. She played with the new puppy all day.
- _____ 10. You went to the party on Saturday night.
- _____ 11. Sylvia will give you the book next week.
- _____ 12. Park the bicycles in the rack and leave the keys for us.
- _____ 13. He called the store, but everyone was on a lunch break.
- _____ 14. Scott’s dad gave us a ride to the baseball game.
- _____ 15. I usually study for a few hours the night before a test.
- _____ 16. Jerry and Mark went to the school play with them on Monday.
- _____ 17. Send me a copy of the report in the mail.
- _____ 18. He never said goodbye before going on the month-long trip.
- _____ 19. We ate dinner at a nice restaurant before returning home.
- _____ 20. Aunt Marie baked him a delicious chocolate cake.